NOVEMBER. 1782. THE NUMB. 2734.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE,

AND

WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1782.

JUNIPER BERRIES,

A few Hogsheads immediately imported from Germany, which are fresh and of a good Quality;

Also WEST-INDIA RUM in Hogsheads,

And SUGAR in Boxes and Tierces,

To be SOLD by JOHN STEINMETZ,

in Market-street, near Fourth-street;

Who likewise has to LETT for a Term of Years,

MARY ANN FURNACE,

in York County, State of Pennsylvania.

Now selling at BELL's *Book-Store, in Third-street,* HALF A DOLLAR *each Volume, according to the London Edition, complete in Three Volumes,*

The new, elegant, entertaining, and wonderful

HISTORY of EMMA CORBETT,

In which the very great Vicissitudes of Human Life, and the Miseries of Civil War, are feelingly depicted; founded upon Incidents which occurred at and near Philadelphia, in the *Royal-Winter* of 1777, when the *British Gentry* imagined they had taken an eternal Lease of the great Congressional City.

At said Book-Store may also be had, every Curiosity that is *come-at-able* in the American World of Books. ¶

THE MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY OF ENGLISHMEN AND SONS OF ENGLISHMEN, who have not paid their Arrears to the Time the Meetings of the said Society ceased, are requested to call on the Secretary, at his House, in Elm-street, near Vine-street, and discharge the same before the 15th Day of next Month, it being proposed, soon after that Time, to call a Meeting of such Members as shall have paid, in order to apply the Stock of the Society to such charitable Uses as by them may then be thought most proper.

By Order of the President and Vice-President,

GEORGE NELSON, Secretary.

Philadelphia, October 22, 1782.

Chester, October 28, 1782.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be sold at public vendue, on the premises, on the 12th day of November next, a MESSUAGE, PLANTATION, TRACT or PARCEL of LAND, situate in East Caln township, Chester county, containing 225 acres, be the same more or less; bounded by lands of John Smith, James Jack, James Starrett and others; late the property of David Long, but seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

¶ JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

Chester, October 28, 1782.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be sold at public sale, on the premises, on the 9th of November next, a MESSUAGE, PLANTATION, PIECE or PARCEL of LAND, situate in East Marlborough township, containing about 16 acres, be the same more or less; bounded by land late of Silas Harry and others; late the property of James Nethery, but seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

¶ JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

Chester, October 28, 1782.

WAS taken up and confined in the goal of Chester county, State of Pennsylvania, two Negroe Men, viz. PETER, a lusty stout fellow, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high. JACK, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, slender made, who say they belong to John Delpha, of Charlestown, South-Carolina, he being captured and sent to Philadelphia by the British, and on his return to Charlestown ran away from him near the borders of North-Carolina. Their master is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away, otherwise they will be sold in three months from this date.

¶ JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber,

A PLANTATION, situate in Aston township, Chester county, containing 110 acres of land, whereof four acres are made into watered meadow, and more may be made, about 20 acres of woodland, a tolerable good square log-house, and new stone room adjoining, an excellent well of water near the door, a barn, work-shop and out-houses, the whole under good fence, chiefly of chesnut rails; it is bounded on Chester creek, about three miles and a half from Chester, and the same distance from Marcus-Hook, with a priviledge of building a dam on said creek to build such water works as may suit, where, with a dam three feet and an half high, and a race of 26 perches long, there will be eight feet and an half head and fall. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may know the terms, by applying to RICHARD CREAN, jun. in Blockley township, near Ogden's bridge, or the subscriber, on the premises.

¶ NEHEMIAH DAVIS.

N. B. If said plantation is not sold before the 19th day of November next, it will that day be put up at public vendue, which will be at one o'clock. *October* 22, 1782.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

WAS stolen out of the pasture of the subscriber, in Potter township, Cumberland county, on Saturday night, the 13th instant, Two valuable MARES, one is black, 5 years old, 15 hands high, a natural trotter, is lengthy and well made, part blooded, no brand mark, her off hind foot is white, and between her right eye and her nose is a bloody wart the breadth of a penny, and has some grey hairs in her flank, carries middling well, and walks fast; the other is a Bay, with grey hairs all over, has a bald face, is 6 years old, near 15 hands high, a natural pacer, has a long small neck, a long round body, of a lofty carriage, and great spirits, is short rump'd, a light mane and light switch tail, her hind feet partly white, branded on the near shoulder with the letter W. Whoever takes up said mares and thief, so that the thief be brought to justice, and the owner get his mares again, shall be entitled to the above reward, or for each mare EIGHT DOLLARS only, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by JAMES DECKEY, ¶ Oct. 18.

By the Duke of Cumberland Packet, arrived at New-York from Falmouth, we have the following Advices.

PARIS, *August* 16.

THEY write from Soissons, that in the night between the 16th and 17th of last month, a violent tempest, accompanied with hail of extraordinary size, had destroyed 15 parishes in the district of Soissons. Those which suffered most are the village of Fontenoy, Nouvron, Tartier, and the Little Bruxi. The rye, wheat, oats, hemp and vines, have been destroyed in a manner so destructive, that the unhappy inhabitants cannot discover what had been sowed.

The Sieur Pelletier, Intendant of that province, has verified and stated those losses. It is computed that it will require four years at least to put the country into the state of production in which it was, and the general loss is computed at about 400,000 livres.

The same misfortune has been experienced, but less rigorously, in 16 parishes of the district of Clermont in Beauvoisis.

August 19. The Count de Grasse arrived here on the 16th instant at night. On the 17th he went to Versailles, where, being presented to the King by the Marquis de Castries, Secretary of State for the Marine Department, he had the honor of a private conference with his Majesty for a quarter of an hour; and at half past six in the evening he returned hither with a chearful countenance; all his officers, prisoners from England, as himself, on their parole of honor, justify him entirely.

August 29. We have received some accounts of the combined fleet from Brest; they were at anchor off Cape Ortegal on the 18th, and had suffered much from contrary winds, and it is feared they would arrive in great disorder at Cadiz.

Hague, August 25. The States of Holland and West-Friesland having assembled on the 17th inst. took into consideration the proposition of the Deputies of the city of Amsterdam for the continuation of the operations in concert with France against England for the campaign of 1783, and the renewal of the treaty of commerce of the year 1739. And after mature deliberation it was resolved, that the said propositions be examined by the Lords of the Corps of Nobility and other Deputies of their Noble and Grand Mightinesses for important affairs, in order that the Assembly may avail itself of their considerations and advice.

LONDON.

August 5. It is generally believed in Holland, that if peace is not shortly agreed upon, the King of Prussia will certainly take the field in opposition to the Emperor, whose preparations indicate an approaching rupture.

A letter from Constantinople says, that orders are given for repairing the two castles of the Dardanelles, and raising some new works: Also for augmenting the navy, and raising forces in every part of Turkey, which makes it conjectured, that a war with some power is near at hand; but where the first blow will be struck time can only discover.

Lord Thurlow has the compleat direction of the state machine at this time. Nothing is undertaken without his consent. He is the very center of all the parties that now form the present administration, under the character of "An Independent Peer."

August 7. No negotiators are at this time thought of by the belligerent powers; neither is there any one of the neutral powers, except the Empress, inclined to afford a mediation towards a peace.

It is in contemplation to send out such a military force to the West-Indies, as, with the naval superiority we now have in that quarter, shall enable us to recover some of the chief of our lost possessions.

August 9. Lord Shelburne is so sensible that the independence of America will strike at the root of the marine strength of this country, that he has it in contemplation to lay a plan before Parliament for a naval militia, to consist of 50,000 men, who are to be regulated in such a manner as to be called out on every emergency.

The keel of the Impregnable, of 90 guns, laid down at Deptford yard only three months since, is to be ready to launch by February next.

The fire of liberty seems to pervade Scotland; as an evidence of it, the counties of Inverness, Murray and Caithness, have entered into resolutions, and formed a Committee of Correspondence, in order to consult about a more constitutional representation; and in consequence thereof, a meeting took place in Edinburgh on Monday last; and though the resolutions of which have not yet come to hand, certain it is, that their design is to concert means to carry these resolutions into execution, and to consider on a proper mode of collecting the sense of all the other counties of that kingdom upon that subject, which they justly say is of so much national importance.

August 13. A letter from Hanover says, that the troops of that Electorate are ready to march as soon as orders arrive from England for that purpose; that they are to be joined on their march by a body of Hessian troops, but their destination is not yet known; but it is whispered it will be towards some of the provinces of Holland,

Extract of a letter from Paris, August 3.

"A few days since the eldest son of Admiral Comte de Grasse, an amiable character, and an officer in the King's guards, who, in the course of eight days, fought as many duels with the traducers of his father's honor, unable to bear up any longer against the popular indignation that encreased against him, put an end to his existence by a coup de pistolet."

August 24. The whole exertions of government are at this time directed to the protection of Gibraltar. The principal inconvenience which they have for some time laboured under, with respect to that important fortress, has arisen from the total want of transports to convey the necessary materials for the relief of the garrison. To remove that obstacle, however, a proposal was yesterday sent from the Navy Board to the Oporto merchants to this effect; that they would agree to pay the company after the rate of 12s. 6d. per ton, for every thing they would carry on government account to Gibraltar, and would afterwards engage to furnish them with safe convoy to Lisbon. No answer has yet been transmitted to this proposal, but it is deemed too advantageous to admit the probability of refusal. If it be acceeded to, the 22d of the present month is fixed upon for the general rendezvous of the transports at Spithead, and six days being allowed for compleating their lading, on the 28th Lord Howe is to be ready to escort them with the whole of the naval power of this country that is not employed on foreign service. The Board of Ordinance have issued orders to the officers belonging to the laboratory at Woolwich, to prepare 20,000 live shells, to be in readiness against the 20th instant, to proceed with the grand fleet to the relief of Gibraltar; and the East-India ships which have been for some time past in waiting to proceed on their voyage, have received orders to remain till the sailing of Lord Howe, when they are to accompany him to Gibraltar.

August 30. The York privateer, of Jersey, has taken and sent in there the Lucy, an American vessel, bound from the Havanna to Cadiz, laden with sugar and tobacco.

August 31. Yesterday an express arrived at the Admiralty from Admiral Lord Howe at Portsmouth, informing the board of the melancholy disaster of his Majesty's ship the Royal George, of 100 guns, with most of her crew, being lost at Spithead, about half past ten o clock in the morning of the preceding day.

This unfortunate accident happened while the ship was hove upon a careen, in order to have the water pipe to her cistern repaired, at which juncture, a strong squall at N. N. W. came on, and her keel lying across the tide current, she fell suddenly on her beam ends, and before she could right ship, she filled, and went down, her top-masts only appearing at the water's edge.---At the time of this calamitous event, 848 officers and seamen were on board, 331 only of which were saved by the boats of the fleet.

Among the officers who perished, it is with the utmost concern we mention that brave and experienced commander Rear-Admiral Kempenfelt, who was writing in his cabbin when the ship went down. Mr. Saunders, his first Lieutenant, the fifth Lieutenant, together with Major Graham, and two Lieutenants of the marines, the Surgeon and Carpenter, shared the same fate. The rest of the officers were fortunately saved. What adds to the national loss on this occasion is, that the crew of the Royal George principally consisted of the best seamen of the whole fleet.

The following account is transmitted from a correspondent at Portsmouth, of such officers as were lost by this melancholy accident, and a few that were known to be alive when the express left that place.

Admiral Kempenfelt, drowned.

Captain Waghorn taken up by the Victory's boat, and now living.

Major Graham of Marines, and Lieutenants Saunders and Currie of ditto, drowned.

The Purser, Boatswain, and Mr. Harrison, Gunner, on shore when the accident happened.

Mr. Surrell, Master, Mr. Bartrim, Surgeon, Mr. Williams, Carpenter, Mr. Kenwood, Mr. Cock, and Mr. Fish, Master Mates, and all the Midshipmen, except two or three (names not known)---drowned.

Upwards of two hundred women were on board, it is said, when she went down.

The Lark sloop victualler, that was along side the Royal George, was swallowed up in a whirlpool occasioned by the sinking of the latter, and several people that were on board her are said also to have perished.

The Royal George was just 27 years old at the time she was lost, having been launched at Woolwich in September, 1755. She was built in four years, her keel being laid in 1751. The naval people say, she can be weighed up, if the weather proves favourable, in the course of a month.

Yesterday morning Lord Temple, accompanied by Lady Temple, set out from his Lordship's house in Pall-Mall, on his way to Ireland.

The Dutch ship of war driven on shore at the Gaats, which is the entrance into the Texel sound, is the Union of 64 guns, a new vessel, just arrived from her first cruize, and commanded by Captain de Welderen, son of the Count, who was Ambassador in England.

Sept. 3. By our late advices from the East we learn, that General Sir Eyre Coote is gone to Bengal, and left the command at Madrass to Col. Stewart, and Sir Hector Munro; General Meadows, and several other General officers are on their passage home.

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated August 19.

"It is certain that the Comte de Grasse has enemies in the fleet, but there are also a large number of officers ready to give evidence in his favour. He shews, in the mean time, by the confidence of his conduct and his discourse, that he is certain he has done his duty. This affair will be soon cleared up by the Court-Martial, which is to be held at Brest, where that unfortunate Admiral, it is said, has had orders to repair.

Lord Howe is to have 40 sail of the line, and 11 frigates, for the relief of Gibraltar.

Sept. 4. Yesterday morning some dispatches were received from Ireland, with an account of four privateers, mounting from 18 to 22 guns each, having been taken and sent into Dublin by his Majesty's cruisers, with ransomers on board for 4000 guineas.

Extract of a letter from Utrecht. dated August 25.

"It is feared that the squadron of eight ships, sent lately by the English into the North Sea, will meet with the three ships of our East-India Company which have lain at Dronthem a long time, but are now at sea, escorted only, as we are assured, by two frigates. The apprehension is increased by the enemy having been seen off the Texel on the 20th and 21st inst. When our fleet puts to sea again, it will take under its convoy several of the East-India Company's ships, which are now loading in the Texel.

A letter from Bourdeaux says, that an embargo is laid on all merchant ships in that port, and other ports in France, but for what purpose is not known; and that the order has caused great murmurings among the merchants and others, as it has put a stop to trade for the present.

Extract of a letter from Gibraltar.

"You will easily conceive the incessant fire kept up against this place, when I assure you, that a parapet seventeen feet high, and two hundred long, has been raised near Willis's bat-

tery, consisting entirely of the shells and balls thrown in by the enemy."

On Thursday in the afternoon Admiral Millbank, with 17 sail of men of war, passed by the bank of the Goodwin Sands for the North Seas, to convoy home the Baltic fleet. It appears that he sailed from the Downs early on Sunday morning, and arrived off the Texel on Tuesday evening, when he found the Dutch fleet in port; the same evening he likewise received advice from some of his cruizers, which had been detached ahead, that the Baltic fleet was sailing from Elsineur, and no doubt by that time out of danger.

On receipt of the above intelligence, an express was immediately sent to Lord Howe, for the grand fleet to sail for Gibraltar, as soon as Admiral Millbank's squadron arrived at Spithead, and likewise for the East and West-India fleets to sail at the same time.

Sept. 7. On Tuesday last Rear-Admiral Alexander Hood hoisted his flag on board the Queen man of war at Portsmouth, in the room of Admiral Kempenfelt, deceased.

Yesterday Major Stanhope, brother of Lord Harrington, set off for Portsmouth, to embark with the second son of Lord Townsend, and another gentleman, for Gibraltar.

Yesterday Sir James Wright, Bart. Governor of the province of Georgia, was at the levee, it being the first time since his return from America, when he was most graciously received, and had the honor to kiss his Majesty's hand. Sir James also had the honor to deliver to his Majesty a memorial, stating the true and real situation of affairs in that province, from the defeat of the French and Rebel forces in October 1779, to the time of receiving the cruel orders for evacuating that province in June last; also stating the distressed condition and sufferings of his Majesty's loyal and faithful subjects in Georgia.

Many people venture to lay considerable bets that Gibraltar is in a great degree relieved already, and will, to the surprize of the enemy, be further relieved, and that effectually, before the grand fleet sails from Spithead.

Yesterday an individual waited on Lord Keppel, and offered a 74 gun ship, full manned, which has been accepted. Such an example has not been in Europe, even among the princes of the blood in France. Too great honors cannot be paid to such a man. It is hoped the example will be followed, as well by individuals, equally capable, as by collective bodies of men.

They write from Utrecht, that the treaty between the Republic of Holland and America, under the guarantee of France, was signed and exchanged at Amsterdam the 20th of last month; on which account they had public rejoicings.

The Dutch have no more than 12 sail of the line ready at the Texel, as will appear by the following list; the other part of the squadron, with which Admiral Hartsincke first sailed from the Texel, having been detached with their East and West-India fleets, consisting of six sail of the line, three of 44 guns and three frigates.

Admiral General, 76; Amsterdam, Shortenear and Union, of 68; Admiral Ruyter and Prince Frederick, 60; Rhynland, Batavise and Princess Louisa, 56; Glinthorst, Admiral Piet, Hein and Centaur, 54; Hercules, 64; Sept Province, 70.

List of the Besiegers of Gibraltar.

We have been favoured with the following account of the whole force employed to reduce Gibraltar, the regular siege and firings against which are supposed to have commenced on Sunday last, for the honor of St. Louis and the catholic faith.

Officers, French and Spanish, 5,675
Men - - - 34,217

LIST of ARTILLERY.

Brass Ordnance, Spanish.

Pounders.		Pounders.	
Twelve	84	Nine	48
Twenty-two	63	Forty-eight	24
Thirty-nine	48	Twenty-two	18
Forty-seven	36	Sixteen	12

Iron Ordnance, Spanish.

Fifty-three	32	Twenty-four	24

French Ordnance from Toulon.

Twenty	52	Nine	48
Fourteen	36	Twelve	36
Ten	23	Fifteen	23

Besides mortars, howitzers, &c.

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, August 23.

"By accounts from the camp before Gibraltar, we have the mortifying intelligence, that Governor Elliot had by some means procured a number of cannon of an amazing size, particularly in length; that notwithstanding all the opposition of the besiegers, he had compleated a battery and mounted these cannon thereon; that on the first of August, he began a most furious cannonade on our troops, which lasted for upwards of seven hours, in which time he had almost demolished the works raised very near the rock, and destroyed many men; Captain Lopes Sebastian, the famous Engineer, and Monsieur Fendan, a volunteer, are among the slain. Two Castilian regiments are, however, in full march from hence to the camp, in order to replace the killed and wounded."

The most honorable terms of peace have been lately offered both to America and Holland. If they are accepted, it will be happy for all parties. If not, we shall certainly have the most bloody war England ever was engaged in.

The last dispatches received by government from Governor Elliot are of the most agreeable nature, respecting the state of the garrison of Gibraltar.-----The Governor reports, that the forces under his command are in the highest spirits, and fully adequate to repel the most vigorous attacks of the enemy, should they have the temerity to attempt a storm. With respect to provisions, the garrison have been more amply supplied since June last from Britain and the Barbary coast, than since the commencement of the siege, notwithstanding the vigilance of the Spanish ships of war. A cloudy night, or a new moon, has been always productive of a provision or an ammunition vessel to invigorate the garrison. The Governor speaks of the approaches of the enemy with the utmost contempt; and from some passages mentioned in his dispatches, it is not unlikely that he has made another grand sally ere this, and levelled their batteries with the ground. He concludes his letter by mentioning, that if he receives the promised supplies by the grand fleet by the middle of October, he will bid defiance to the whole host of Bourbon for 18 months. These pleasing dispatches have put government in the highest spirits, as they now consider Gibraltar out of all danger.

Extract of a letter from Paris, August 27.

"Mr. Fitzherbert has not left this capital, but will remain here a few days longer. Reports are circulated that the obstacles to a negociation are removed; and that a peace will take place in the course of the winter."

The following are said to be the terms of the alliance which is so near being concluded with the Empress of Russia:

1. That the King of Prussia shall be included. This is demanded by the Empress.

2. A million a year to be paid to Russia, and an acknowledgment to Prussia for acceding.

3. Russia to assist England with 20 sail of the line fully manned, and 10,000 Russian infantry, to serve as marines on board the English ships of war.

4. Minorca to be reconquered and to be ceded to Russia, and put into the hands of persons appointed to govern it by the Empress.

5. Some island in the West-Indies, inhabited or desolate, but with a safe port, to be put into the hands of Russia, and ceded to her.

6. The King of Prussia demanded in the course of the negotiation, 400,000l. a year subsidy from England.

There are other articles, but these are the principal. The treaty is on the point of being executed, if it is not actually concluded by this time---The Emperor sits quiet, nor is it thought that he is forced, by his engagements with France, to attack Russia; and the King of Prussia will not appear in it. The treaty will therefore take effect, and probably prove the salvation of this country.

The French fleet, which sailed for the East-Indies from Brest the 20th of last month, consists of Le Protecteur of 74 guns, L'Actif 74, Le Dragon 64, armed en flute, Le Monsieur, a new frigate of 36, and Le Vaupon of 28 guns, with six store-ships.

Deal, Sept. 6. The Russian men of war, and Swedish do. sailed to the westward yesterday.

Philadelphia, November 2, 1782.

By virtue of Writs of Levari Facias to me directed, will be exposed to Public SALE, on SATURDAY the 9th inst. at 12 o'clock at noon, at the COFFEE-HOUSE.

A CERTAIN MESSUAGE and LOT of GROUND, situate on the west side of Fifth-street, in the square between High-street and Mulberry-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on the said Fifth-street, 20 feet, and in length 52 feet, bounded northward by Casper Jayer's messuage and lot, westward and southward by ground belonging to the heirs of William Hudson, deceased, and eastward by Fifth-street aforesaid, deemed the estate of Jacod Rabsom and Cleophia his wife.

WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

ALSO to be Sold, at said time and place, a certain LOT of GROUND, beginning at the north-west corner of the contiguous water lot of Samuel Preston Moore's, on the New-street (now called Penn-street) thence northerly by the east side of New-street aforesaid, 22 feet and 9 inches, to the water lot there of Andrew Elliot, thence by the same eastwardly into the river Delaware, thence southwardly by the said river Delaware 22 feet and 9 inches to the said lot of the said Samuel Preston Moore, thence returning by the same westerly, to the place of beginning; subject to the yearly rent-charge of 26l. lawful money of Pennsylvania, payable to the heirs of Thomas Cuthbert, deceased, their heirs and assigns forever; deemed the estate of Benjamin Towers, and to be sold by WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

ALSO to be Sold, at same time and place, a LOT of GROUND on the east side of Front street, in Southwark, containing in breadth 30 feet, and in depth 225 feet, bounded by Front-street aforesaid, and by ground of Richard Dennis and others; subject to a groundrent of *Six Pounds* lawful money of Pennsylvania per annum, late the estate of Dr. John Kearsley, the younger, deceased. WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD BY

MEREDITH & CLYMER,

A Quantity of the best CLARET, in Hogsheads and Cases;
Old CONIAC BRANDY;
DRY GOODS;
WINDOW GLASS, &c. &c.

November 5, 1782. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

On THURSDAY, the 5th day of December next, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premises,

About FORTY LOTS,

SITUATE on that beautiful, convenient and very public thoroughfair, between the city of Philadelphia and Baltimore town, called the POINT-LANDING, at the Head of Elk. A number of them front on a fine bank of the river, exceedingly convenient for a wharfage, being a bold shore and as good water as any where for several miles below, and quite as convenient to the country as the Point-Landing, having several large streets leading directly from them into the public roads, on which streets all the other lots are bounded. The whole will form a handsome village, commodiously situated for trade by land and water. A plan of which may be seen by applying to *William Montgomery*, at Dr. Gardner's, in this city, or to *Zebulon Hollingsworth*, near the premises. Attendance will be given, and terms made known on the day of sale, by WILLIAM MONTGOMERY, and

Philad. Nov 5. DAVID WALLACE.

N. B. Good titles will be given. §

PUBLIC SALE,

On THURSDAY, the 5th December next, if the Weather be fair, if not, the first good Day after, on the Plantation of WILLIAM HARRIS, in Springfield Township, Chester County, as follows, viz.

COWS, Sheep and Hogs; Wheat, Indian Corn, Rye, Oats and Flax-seed; a Waggon and two excellent draught Horses; an Ox Cart; a Horse Cart; a valuable breeding Mare and Foal; two beautiful blooded Colts, one three Years past, the other two; Implements of Husbandry, &c. &c.

Terms of Payment to be made known at the Place of Sale.

N. B. The said Plantation to be LETT, and entered on the first of March next; it is situated 12 Miles from Philadelphia, two from Delaware, and contains 170 Acres, 120 of which are cleared; the Dwelling-house, Barn and Stables, &c. are very good; the Situation is pleasant and healthy.

For Terms, apply to WILLIAM HARRIS, at his House in Strawberry-Alley, any Time before the Sale, or on the Day of Sale, at the Plantation aforesaid.

Philadelphia, November 6, 1782. ¶

To be SOLD at Public Sale,

The 28th day of November instant, on the premises,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing 50 acres, part woodland, with a good house, barn, spring-house, orchard and meadow, all under good fence with chesnut rails, lying in the township of Lower Merion, and county of Philadelphia, eleven miles from said city, joining the lands of John Llewellyn and others, late the estate of John Lloyd, deceased. Any person inclining to purchase may view the same, and know the terms, by applying to the subscriber,

¶ JOHN ROBESON, surviving Executor.

Philadelphia, September 3, 1782.

An English and Mathematical Academy,

BY JOHN HEFFERNAN, formerly of the College and latterly of the University of Pennsylvania, is just opened, in a commodious apartment, on the north side of Cypress street, between Third and Fourth streets Philadelphia---Where children, youth and foreigners may speedily be perfected in the rudiments of the English language, and all the practical branches of mathematics; particularly English grammar, reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and the use of the globes---Fractions, decimals, duodecimals, logarithms and extraction of roots---Mensuration, gauging, surveying and navigation of every kind---The elements of geometry, plain and spherical trigonometry, algebra and fluxions, with their occasional application to altimetry, longemitry, civil and military architecture, conic sections, projectiles, dialling and astronomy:---together with the construction and use of all such tariffs, scales, tables, plans, maps, charts and designs, as may be thought anywise necessary to embellish or illustrate the whole.

N. B. Said Heffernan will wait on young ladies and gentlemen, between school hours, as usual: and pay the utmost attention to the morals and manners of the youth and children committed to his tuition and care.

Doctrina sine Moribus vana.

TO BE SOLD,

A GOOD MILL and PLANTATION, in Tredisstyn, 21 miles from Philadelphia; the mill is seated on the Valley creek, one of the most constant streams in this State. The hard winter 1778 she went constant, with very little interruption by the ice, when great numbers of mills were stops for a considerable time, and also has done a great deal of work this dry season; the house is large, in it are two water wheels, it is planned for three pair of stones, two pair now in use, one pair of them burrs, three boulting chests, does a great deal of merchant work, when it suits, besides the custom, which is a great deal. The wheat in and near the Valley is of the best sort. It is usual to enumerate more than a purchaser can find, but I shall leave the whole to speak for itself, as the purchaser's eyes and ears are to be his directors. ¶ JOSEPH MITCHELL.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

THAT elegant and well known STAND for mercantile business, situated on Stillpond Creek, in Kent county, Maryland, containing about 16 acres of land, divided into two lots, and under good fence, whereon is a commodious two story brick house, 40 feet in length, and 29 feet in breadth, 3 rooms on a floor, with passages and stair-cases, and an excellent stone cellar under the whole, part of which is made use of as a kitchen; also a granary sufficient to store from 15 to 20,000 bushels of grain; smoke house, poultry-house, chair-house, stables, and a garden well paled in, with many other conveniencies. The land is situated about 35 miles above Baltimore town, and near the same distance from the Head of Elk, Back Creek and Bohemia, and is thought the best and most agreeable of any in the country, as it is equal to any for vending goods, and its situation gives it a particular advantage to any for the purchase of grain, as it lies in the best neighbourhood for grain of any in the county, about three miles from Chesapeake-bay, within one mile of two grist-mills, about eight miles from Chester-town, and near the same distance from Turner's creek, and within two and an half miles of a Parish Church and Quaker Meeting house. This place is deemed healthy and exceeding pleasant, blessed with an excellent spring of good water near the house, and in every respect calculated for mercantile business, either to or from Philadelphia or Baltimore-Town. A safe harbour for shallops at any time near the premises, and a great variety of fish and fowls in season. Cash, wheat, corn, or imported goods will be taken in payment. Any person inclining to purchase, may have a short credit for the whole or the greatest part of the purchase money, and made further acquainted with the terms, by applying to the subscriber, on the premises. ISAAC CANNELL.

N. B. If not sold it will be rented, and may be entered on the first day of January next. ¶ 6 w.

The Partnership of DARROCH and ROWLAND,

Saddle, Cap and Harness Makers,

Being dissolved,

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he carries on his business at the sign of the Saddle in Chesnut-street, between Second and Third-streets, three doors from the Cross-Keys Inn, Philadelphia.

He takes this opportunity to acknowledge the favours of his former customers, and to assure them and the public that all orders will be executed with the greatest neatness and dispatch, and as reasonable as the times will admit, by their much obliged and humble servant, JOHN DARROCH.

Philadelphia county, September 5, 1782.

NOTICE is hereby given to the MILITIA of the county of PHILADELPHIA, that the following days are appointed by the MILITIA LAW as days of Exercise, viz.

IN COMPANIES the two first MONDAYS in the month of OCTOBER, and the two first MONDAYS in the month of NOVEMBER.

And shall begin mustering in BATTALION in the following manner, viz.

The First Battalion the 18th of November.
The Second ditto the 19th of November.
The Third ditto the 20th of November.
The Fourth ditto the 21st of November.
The Fifth ditto the 22d of November.
The Sixth ditto the 25th of November.
The Seventh ditto the 26th of November.

It is expected, that the Colonels give strict orders to their Captains, that the Returns of Delinquents be made on field day, and that they furnish the Sub-Lieutenants of the districts as soon as possible, so that the fines may be collected without delay.

WILLIAM COATS, Lieutenant of the county of Philadelphia.

N. B. The TROOP of LIGHT-HORSE are notified to meet on Tuesday the 26th of November, at 10 o'clock in the morning, at Chesnut-hill, the place of rendezvouz of the 7th or Germantown battalion: They will be careful to appear properly equipped and accoutred. W. COATS, Lt. C. P.

To be SOLD by public vendue, on Friday, the 15th day of this instant November, on the plantation of William Hackney, in the township of Chester, county of Burlington, New-Jersey, near the lower ferry on Rancokas,

A FRAME DISTILLING-HOUSE, together with three copper stills, the one containing 100 gallons, used three seasons for distilling cyder, one containing 39 and an half gallons, has been in use about three months; one containing eight or nine gallons, together with the worms and tubs, to be sold together or apart, as may best suit the purchasers; a vessel, commonly called a Halifax, suitable for raftmen, and sundry other articles, to be sold for cash on delivery thereof. The vendue to begin at 2 o'clock on said day.

Wanted a dwelling-house in town on rent, with a parlour, kitchen, two or three rooms, and a cellar under it. Any person having such to lett, by leaving their name with the Printers hereof, will be waited on. Immaterial what part of the town, if not too far from market. ‡

Annapolis, September 10, 1782.

JACK BRAY, alias GREEN,

THE slave of Mrs. ANN STEWART, of Ann Arundel county, ran away from his mistress about the 1st of June, then on a visit near Queens-town on the Eastern shore of Maryland. Jack will pass very well as a whiteman, being a remarkable light mulattoe, with grey or blue eyes, brown curling hair, and some freckles; tho' by attending to his dialect it may be discovered he has been much with negroes; he is 22 years of age, of a low stature, stout and well sett, his face is rather large for his size, his nose stubbed; he carried a variety of clothes with him, but as he offered some for sale before he went off, 'tis probable he has disposed of most of them; he is a tolerable good weaver, rough shoemaker, and occasionally rode as a postilion, in which character he was when he left his mistress. It appears from an advertisement of the first of July, under the signature of Capt. James Moore, of the Delaware regiment, that Jack enlisted with a recruiting party at Dover, by the name of John Wilson, and had deserted and taken with him a small bay horse, old saddle and curb bridle. A Reward of TEN POUNDS (gold) and all reasonable charges, shall be paid to any person who will apprehend and secure him, so that the subscriber may get him. Any information which may be given of him to Mr. James Tilghman, of Queen Ann's county, will be immediately communicated to the subscriber. CHARLES STEWART. ¶

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SALEM, *October* 17.

A Cartel arrived here last evening in 12 days from Newfoundland, and brought in 292 American prisoners, among whom are the crews of the Junius Brutus and other privateers from this port, lately captured by the enemy.

By the above Cartel we have the following intelligence, brought by a frigate, with dispatches for Admiral Campbell, in 14 days from England, viz.---That Lord Howe had sailed with a fleet for the relief of Gibraltar:---And that the important news from the East-Indies, of the French having captured three British men of war of 74 guns each, and all the English company's ships, was confidently said, by the British themselves, to be true.

The news from England, by the above frigate, is said to be as late as 42 days ago, from this time.

The Cartel abovementioned, on her passage, off Halifax spoke with the British ship Renown, which had in tow the brig General Greene, Capt. Bacon, belonging to Philadelphia.

PROVIDENCE, *October* 19.

Tuesday last the Privateer schooner Scammell, of Boston, arrived here.---She was last week drove on the Jersey shore by a British ship of the line, a frigate, and sloop of war, when the enemy attempted to send their boats on board to destroy her; but the crew having got some of their guns on shore drove them off. The enemy afterwards began a heavy cannonade from their ships, which was returned with such effect from the shore, that the British thought proper to shear off, and stand for Sandy-Hook. The privateer was soon after got off, without receiving any material injury.

FISH-KILL, *October* 31.

On the 21st and 22d instant, the French army marched from the camp of Crompond in two divisions, to their winter quarters in the eastern States.---It is now conjectured by some, they will be stationed in the neighbourhood of Boston, and by others at Rhode-Island. On Sunday last the legion of Lauzun passed the Hudson on its way to the State of Delaware. The admirable appearance, discipline, and behaviour of every corps belonging to the army of the Count de Rochambeau, have insured them an immortality of fame, in the grateful annals of America.

The American troops moved to their winter cantonments in the Highlands, three days ago. Previous to the breaking up of the camp of Verplank's Point, there was a general review and manœuvre of the army, in presence of the Commander in Chief and Secretary at war: besides the unanimous testimony of applause from a great number of spectators, the approbation of the first military characters was strongly expressed in the general order that was issued on the occasion; with a transcript of which the editor has been favoured by a correspondent; and as it exhibits the army in so respectable a point of view, he presents it with pleasure to the public.

Head-Quarters, Verplank's Point, October 24, 1782.

"Before the army marches from this ground, the Commander in Chief orders it to be signified to the several corps which have been in the field, that he has been particularly satisfied with the internal police and order of the encampments, as well as the perfect regularity with which every species of duty has been performed the present campaign. The alacrity and dispatch the troops have shewn in procuring fuel for West Point and its dependencies, are extremely satisfactory to him.

"The Honorable the Secretary at War having expressed his entire approbation of the splendid and soldier-like appearance the army exhibited this morning, in passing in review, and performing all the manœuvres with the greatest exactness and celerity; and having requested it might be made known to the officers and men, that he entertains the highest sense of their attention, perseverance and zeal, in making such astonishing proficiency in their profession, since he had last the pleasure of seeing any part of them under arms. The Commander in Chief directs the communication to be made, and at the same time is pleased to add, he cannot conceal the satisfaction he experiences in observing, that the last grand manœuvre that will be performed this campaign, surpassed every other exhibition of the kind which has been made in the American army."

The August packet sailed from Falmouth, first of September, and arrived at new-York, 21st of October. On her arrival, it is said, orders were immediately sent to countermand the evacuation of Charlestown.

RICHMOND, *October* 26.

With a view to humanize the mode of warfare among our savage neighbours the Indians, we learn that General Wayne during his command in Georgia sent back a few Indian prisoners which he had taken, with a requisition that as many of our prisoners should be sent in by them. Such examples cannot fail to make a good impression even upon Indians, and will, we hope, be attended with very beneficial consequences.

BALTIMORE, *October* 29.

Extract of a letter from Philadelphia, dated October 22.

"Congress have received letters from Mr. Adams down to the 18th of August, in which he encloses a copy of Mr. Firzherbert's commission, who is sent by Great-Britain, as Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of Versailles, an extract of which you have,------" You are to repair to the Court of our aforesaid "good brother, the Most Christian King, and there, for us, "and in our name, with the Delegates, Commissioners, Deputies, and Plenipotentiaries of the High and Mighty Lords the "States General of the United Netherlands, and with those of "all Princes and States whom it may concern, having sufficient "authority to meet and confer, as well jointly as severally, &c."

"It is easy to observe the studied ambiguity in the commission, by which the Ministers of the United States of America, may be either admitted or rejected, as circumstances may turn up.

"From some Hague papers, which are in town, it appears, that the Prince of Orange is charged with having frustrated the plan of operations, settled by the Dutch and the Court of France; the Dutch fleet were to have gone north about and joined the combined fleets, but the Prince of Orange prevented them, and they are returned to the Texel."

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 6.

Wednesday last the Hon. Frederick Augustus Muhlenberg, Esq; was chosen Speaker of the General Assembly of this State.

Peter Zachary Lloyd, Esq; is re-appointed Clerk to the General Assembly.

On Monday last the Hon. Elias Boudinot, Esq; was elected President of the United States in Congress assembled.

The Hon. John Cox, Esq; is elected Vice-President of the Legislative Council of the State of New-Jersey.

Monday last the Hon. John Dickinson, Esq; took his seat in the Supreme Executive Council of this State.

We are informed from good authority, that Thursday next is assigned by the Honorable the Supreme Executive Council, and the Honorable the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, to proceed to the election of a President and Vice-President, agreeable to the Constitution of this State.

Extract of a letter from Paris, August 29.

"Last Sunday the Marquis de Bouille and the Count de Lavaro, Colonel of the regiment of Armagnac, took leave of the King in order to go to Rochford, to embark there with 1000 volunteers taken from different regiments.

"It appears decided, that the Count d'Estaign and the Marquis de Bouille, will act in concert in the Antilles. The first will go immediately to Brest. Eight regiments, and 3000 volunteers will follow him to the West-Indies, to undertake some fresh conquests.

"The transports lying off the Isle of Aix have, according to letters from Rochford, of the 23d inst. hoisted sail, under convoy of four sail of the line, and under the protection of the combined fleet, which was cruising thereabouts. It is said they amounted to near 500 sail, part destined for Boston, part for the Antilles, and the rest for the East-Indies."

A judicious writer (under the signature of Hampden) in the London Courant of August 14, concludes a long and pathetic address to the inhabitants of London and Westminster with this elegant apostrophe: "O America! liberated, triumphant, independent---Nurse of Heroes---Asylum sacred to suffering Humanity! grateful to me it is to reflect, that in *every* stage of this calamitous contest, my heart has *felt*, my tongue has *confessed*, THE JUSTICE OF THY CAUSE!"

We hear from London Britain Township, Chester County, that on Friday, the 20th ult. departed this life, in the 26th year of his age, Mr. REES JONES EVANS, only son of the Hon. JOHN EVANS, Esq. A remarkable sweetness of temper, affability and courtesy, rendered him esteemed in life, and lamented in death, by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. His sickness, which was short, he bore with Christian patience and resignation: he expressed his entire confidence in the Redeemer's merits, and ardently desired the happy moment when he should breathe his soul into the bosom of his Saviour.

His remains were on Sunday following depofited in the Baptist burial-ground, at the Welch Tract. The concourse of people, of different characters and denominations, that attended the solemnity, who mingled their tears with his disconsolate parent, evinced their high esteem for the deceased, and sensibility of their loss.

An extract of a letter written by a gentleman lately from the vicinity of Fort Pitt.

"I suppose, Sir, that you as well as I have lately heard those called Moravian Indians represented as a singularly religious and honest sort of people; and the killing them last spring called *an horrible murder*, while the blame of this murder was confidently thrown on two respectable congregations, viz. the Rev. Messieurs M'Mullen's and Smith's. Having lately had an opportunity of being in the neighbourhood from which the men went who committed the deed, and being anxious to know the truth, I made particular enquiry of such as knew the state of the case, and shall lay before you the result of my enquiry, and leave you to judge how far the above representation is just or candid. It is requisite I observe that those Indians were supposed by some to be of signal service to the country, by giving intelligence to the commander at Fort Pitt, of attacks intended by the other Indians, and by supplying our men with provisions while in their country; and it is generally thought they were of special service to our merchandising officers, by carrying on a trade with them. But I must farther observe, that it has been the prevailing opinion of people in the back parts, that their service to the country was trifling, compared with the mischief they at least were the occasion of. Their being connected with the other Indians by various ties, justly rendered them suspected. And although they sometimes informed of the approach of other Indians to the settlement, this was seldom in time to prevent the evil; while, by affording a fresh supply of provisions to our enemies, they enabled them successfully to carry on their depredations and murders; and it was not without reason alledged, that some of those very Moravians had an active hand in the murders committed, and were very officious in giving notice of our expeditions into the Indian country. From these considerations many were surprized that government suffered them to continue where they were.

"Thus stood the case, when early last spring a party, or different parties of Indians broke in upon the frontiers, burning, murdering, and captivating. While the people were in perplexity, word came that another party of Indians from Sandusky were in the Morvian towns, on their way to our frontiers; on which a number of men assembled, and without any regular orders resolved to make a sudden effort to prevent those Indians from penetrating into the settlement, and if possible cut them off. I was told by men deemed worthy of credit, that the greater part of those who went on the expedition were not known to belong to any religious society; that not more than one or two belonged to Mr. M'Mullen's congregation: Some said, not one, and but a very few to Mr. Smith's; and that only one man belonging to either had an hand in killing the Indians, and he a man who a very little before had his wife and children taken prisoners, and thought it probable they were butchered. These men marched to the Moravian towns, and surrounded them, on which the Indians surrendered, and were kept prisoners for some time. And my informers told me that in this time there was found in the towns a variety of goods, lately taken from the inhabitants, and that one of the men who had then been taken prisoner, and was some days in the custody of the Indians, but escaped, confidently pointed out a Moravian who had taken and was severest against him, and that an old Moravian Indian upon examination granted that some of that people had an hand in the depredations committed on our frontiers. A few of the men, upon seeing and hearing such things, and thinking of their wives, children or relations, that had been barbarously murdered, got inflamed, and would not be restrained, but rushed upon, and killed young and old, Sandusky and Moravian Indians indiscriminately, notwithstanding that divers persons interceeded for the lives, especially of the children, and could not bear to see them put to death, but fled away with tears in their eyes; and notwithstanding that the leaders of the expedition were consulting what they should do with their prisoners, and had not ended their deliberations. Divers persons told me, that although some of the Indians appeared to be well exercised, yet that one of the squaws sung the war song upon finding she was to be executed. The account I have now given, I am persuaded, upon the strictest trial will be found to be very near the truth."

DOVER, in the DELAWARE STATE.

A Message from his Excellency JOHN DICKINSON, *Esq; President of the Delaware State, to the* General Assembly.

Gentlemen of the General Assembly,

I Feel a very sincere pleasure in advising you, that their High Mightinesses the States-General of the United Provinces have acknowledged and received a Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States in that quality, an event likely to be immediately succeeded by treaties of Alliance and Commerce greatly beneficial to both Nations

The Secretary will lay before you letters from the President of Congress, of the 19th and 24th of June, and the 20th of July--from the Commander in Chief, of the 28th of May---from the Financier, of the 9th, 29th and 30th of July, the 15th, 17th and 25th of August, the 12th and 20th of September, and the 5th of October---from the Secretary at War, of the 8th of July, the 9th of August, and the 15th of October-- from the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, of the 2d of May, and the 12th and 15th of September---from Governor Clinton of the 4th of August---from General Gist, of the 5th of June---and from the Commanding Officer of our troops in the Southern Army, of the 8th of July, and the 16th of August.

I beg leave to refer you, Gentlemen, to several acts of Congress communicated in former messages, to recommend them to your attention at the present Sessions, and to observe, that an early as well as a pointed compliance of the several Legislatures with the determinations of that National Council, is absolutely necessary for establishing a system of regularity and efficacy in the affairs, and for maintaining the Honor of the United States.

You will perceive by a Resolution of the House of Assembly and the Council of New-Jersey, of the 24th of June, that Commissioners are appointed for settling and establishing the line of jurisdiction between that State, Pennsylvania and this State. Commissioners are also appointed by the State of Pennsylvania; and such a measure seems proper to be taken on our part for settling the line of jurisdiction in the bay and river Delaware.

Upon considering, after your last recess, some circumstances that have lately occured, I judged it expedient to consult the Commander in Chief before I should give orders in pursuance of your resolutions, for the march of the recruits and soldiers then in the State, to the southward. In consequence of his answer, and of the second letter abovementioned from the Secretary at War, orders were issued for their march to Philadelphia, which have been executed, as will appear by Captain Moore's letter of the 7th of August.

As it appeared to me my indespensable duty to endeavour that our militia should be placed on the most respectable footing, I have constantly and diligently applied my care to this great point. Returns have been required of the military stores, and of the arms, both public and private, fit for service, in each county. These are now presented to you; and from them you will observe, how necessary it is that immediate provision should be made for procuring further supplies of these articles: It is much to be wished, that the General Assembly would also devise means for establishing an artillery company, with a competent number of field pieces, in each county.

I have lately reviewed every regiment in the State, except the eighth, and have been generally pleased with the appearance and behaviour of the officers and privates on this occasion, and particularly of Colonel Duff's, Colonel Hall's, Colonel Jones's, and Colonel Polk's regiments.

An adjustment of all public accounts is a business of such moment, that it ought to be made with dispatch, and published for the satisfaction of our constituents, and an officer of skill and integrity should be appointed to keep them in perfect order for the future; so that the General Assembly and Executive may easily and without loss of time know the state of our Finances, and avoid errors and difficulties in transactions relating to them. The propriety and advantage of such a measure are too manifest to need any arguments for enforcing its adoption.

Many of our titles to lands depend upon records in Pennsylvania. Transcripts from them should be obtained, and duly recorded in some of our offices. It may not be improper, that a Committee should be impowered to enquire and report whether the records in general are safely and properly kept.

The laws require very considerable amendments to be made, for preventing substantial justice being defeated or delayed by unnecessary and injurious forms; for ascertaining with precision the statutes prior to the Revolution that are to be regarded as parts of our jurisprudence: for securing the inestimable benefits of the writ of *habeas corpus*; and for fixing the trial by jury on such a solid basis, as will guard as much as possible against its being shaken by the dreadful efforts of party rage, if that blind and destructive power, from which we are now so happily free, should in times to come attempt to pull down the pillars of our Courts, for supporting which the precious blood of our brave fellow citizens has been so nobly offered and liberally poured out. Regulations of this sort will be among the best inheritances we can leave to our posterity.

Another amendment humanity compels me to propose:---That persons manumitting healthy slaves, not advanced in years, should not be obliged to give security for their maintenance, and that slaves should not be sent upon sale, or otherwise, to places distant from their usual residence, by which means affectionate and near relations are cruelly separated from one another, and the remainder of their lives extremely embittered. The Legislatures of several neighbouring States, moved by a deep sense of the Divine favours to them in this contest for their own freedom, and by an enlightened commiseration, have lately passed laws for alleviating the afflictions of this helpless, and too often abused part of their fellow-creatures. I entertain the warmest hopes, that the Legislature of this State will emulate the most generous and wise examples of this kind.

JOHN DICKINSON.

Dover, October 29, 1782.

Philadelphia, November 4, 1782.

SIX DOLLARS *Reward.*

STRAYED, since the latter end of August, two COLTS, one is an iron grey, was two years old last spring, the near hind foot white, has a long mane and tail, and goes heavy. The other is a mare Colt, was one year old last spring, is black, with some white hairs intermixed, has a white streak in her forehead, that reaches to the nose, has a long mane and tail, and had a leather strap, with two iron links, about her neck. Whoever secures the said colts, or can give notice where they are, to the subscriber, living on Mr. Caldwell's place, in Fourth street, at the corner of Hickory-lane, shall receive the above reward, by ¶ GEORGE STAHLY.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned, that application will be made to the Legislature of the State of New-Jersey now sitting, for a Law to enable the owners and possessors of certain banked Meadows, lying in Lower Penn's-Neck, in the county of Salem, bounding on the river Delaware, between the fast land, now in the possession of John Callahan and Thomas Thackrey; to keep in repair the Dams, Banks and sluices thereof, so as effectually to prevent the tide from overflowing the same. Nov. 2, 1782. ¶

THE Inhabitants of Chester County, who are holders of Loan-Office Certificates, or otherways public Creditors, are requested to meet at the House of THOMAS CARPENTER, in East-Bradford, on the 16th Day of November next, at Ten o'Clock Forenoon, in order to endeavour to obtain the Justice that is due to them. Oct. 23. ¶

STAGES.

THE Proprietors, who, through great expence and difficulty, formed the first line of Stages from this city to Baltimore, beg leave to return their sincere thanks to those ladies and gentlemen who have been pleased to favour their endeavours in support of this necessary institution: They solicit, at this period, a continuance of the favor and countenance of a generous public, as they are unalterably determined to carry on the business in its greatest perfection. Their horses, as to performance, and carriages, for convenience, are equalled by none. The distance is performed regularly and with dispatch, generally in less than 48 hours. Every attention and respect is paid to passengers, to render their situation agreeable and satisfactory.

NATHANIEL TWINING,
GABRIEL P. VANHORN.

N. B. The Coach and Waggon continues to set out on the usual days, from the Stage-Office in Fourth-street, opposite the Indian Queen, where the strictest attention is paid to baggage and letters, by the public's humble servants. N. T.
G. P. V.

CAME to the place of the subscriber, at Gloucester-Point Ferry, on the 29th of September last, a small red and white COW, marked with the letters H S on her horn. Whoever has lost the same, by applying to the subscriber, proving property and paying charges, may have her again.

October 24. ¶ JOHN MARSHALL.

CAME to the place of the subscriber, living at Gloucester-Point Ferry, in the township of Moyamensing, on the 14th of June, a black and white COW, with a white spot on her forehead, about 7 years old, has a black streak on one of her horns. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be sold for her charges in two weeks from the date hereof.

Sept. 29. ¶ JOHN MARSHALL.

Dr. HILL's AMERICAN BALSAM,

SOLD in Philadelphia by Mr. William Poyntell, at his ſtore, three doors below Market-ſtreet, in Second-ſtreet, and directly oppoſite the Friends Meeting-houſe gate; alſo, by Mr. George Reinhold, at his ſtore, on the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet, and next door to the Black-Bear; by Mr. Steiner, at the German Printing-Office, in Race-ſtreet; at Germantown, by Mr. Juſtis Fox, and by the ſubſcriber, at Kingſeſs, near Gray's Ferry, on Schuylkill, and at preſent no where elſe. Price in ſpecie, *Seven Shillings and Six pence* per bottle, and by the dozen, at the rate of *Seven Shillings* a bottle.

It is now many years ſince this balſam has been well known to be a moſt effectual and infallible medicine for colds, coughs and aſthmas; that it gives great relief in the gravel, rheumatiſm, conſumption, cholic, jaundice and headachs; that it is a moſt excellent cure in the hooping-cough, and in moſt of the ſickneſſes of children, and for many other diſeaſes, as may be ſeen in the printed directions, in Engliſh and German, with each bottle; in old diſeaſes, of long ſtanding, it will be neceſſary to continue the uſe of this healing balſam, for a reaſonable time, by more than one ſingle bottle, and then they may expect relief from this, as thouſands of people can teſtify, who have tried other things without ſucceſs; but other diſeaſes are often perfectly cured by the uſe of only one bottle, and often a few doſes will perform the cure.

Each bottle is ſealed up with the repreſentation of a certain plant, in a heart; and if any balſam under this name ſhould be ſold at any other place, not named in my advertiſement, the public may be aſſured it is not Dr. Hill's balſam, but counterfeit, becauſe no other perſon in America is able to prepare the genuine balſam, for want of the principal ingredients of which Dr. Hill's American balſam is compoſed.

¶ WILLIAM YOUNG, Botaniſt.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

THE valuable MERCHANT-MILLS and SAW-MILL, in East-Bradford, Cheſter county, with two pair of ſtones, one whereof is French burs, of the beſt quality, the other cullens; the bolting cloths are good, and the mills are in good order; water plenty, and little expence in keeping the dam in repair; It is turned by the main Brandywine creek. The mill-houſe is built of ſtone, and about 38 feet ſquare.------Alſo a good dwelling-houſe, part frame and part ſtone, a good frame barn, ſtables and other out-houſes, with about 30 acres of good land, nine of which are good watered meadow, and as much more may be made with very little expence, and a good bearing orchard of the beſt fruit; being pleaſantly ſituated in a healthy part of the country, within 30 miles of Philadelphia, 15 of Marcus-Hook and Wilmington. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living at ſaid mills, may know the terms.

Nov. 6, 1782. ¶ JOHN NORTH.

BROKE into the incloſure of the ſubſcriber, a cheſnut ſorrel HORSE, about 14 hands high, a natural trotter, marked on the ſhoulder with a collar. The owner coming, proving his property and paying charges, may have him, by applying to me, in Oxford townſhip, Cheſter county.

Sept. 17, 1782. § DAVID HAYES.

York, October 15, 1782.

ON the 5th inſtant, was taken up by the ſubſcriber, on the road near Little Codorus creek, a MAN without a paſs, his name unknown, his hair ſhort, ſandy coloured, grey eyes, large mouth, ſpeaks Dutch and broken Engliſh, ſaid he lived forty miles from Lancaſter; had on a white coat, coarſe tow breeches, his ſtockings mixed with blue and white, large ſpots of each colour, about 5 feet 5 inches high. He rode a dark bay pacing MARE, 6 years old laſt ſpring, no brand, with an old bridle, no ſaddle. Suppoſed to be a thief. On the way going to the Juſtice he haſtily alighted and fled, leaving the above mare in the great road. The owner coming and proving property, paying charges, may take her away, from

ALEXANDER M'KITRICK.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, living in Moreland townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 12th inſt. a brown HORSE, about 15 hands high, 9 or 10 years old, with a ſtar and ſnip, is blind of both eyes. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away.

October 26. ¶ JOHN CASL.

BROKE into the paſture, at the Woodlands, the Seat of William Hamilton, Eſq; in the townſhip of Blockley, early in the ſummer, a ſtray dun HORSE. The owner, by paying charges, may have him, on application to

¶ RICHARD WHITEFIELD, Overſeer.

Philadelphia, October 29, 1782.

ALL perſons having any demands againſt the eſtate of JOHN NELSON, late merchant of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts, properly authenticated, that payment may be made; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make immediate payment to

¶ JAMES CRAIG, Acting Executor.

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, in Cheſter, the 14th of Auguſt laſt, a ſpotted STEER, and a brindled COW, with ſome dark ſtreaks on its near ſhoulder. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid cattle, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall receive TEN SHILLINGS Reward for each, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ JOSEPH ASHBRIDGE.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Weſt-Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, ſome time in July laſt, a ſmall brindle COW, with a white face and white under her belly. The owner proving property and paying charges, may have her again, by applying to

¶ JAMES SMITH, jun.

Auguſt 26, 1782.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Northwales townſhip, ſome time ago, two COWS, one red, with a bell, the other a red pied cow. The owner or owners are deſired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away. ¶ JACOB HOOT.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, in Moreland townſhip, containing about 65 acres, ſituate on the Southampton road, adjoining land of Anthony Yerkes and Iſaac Roberts. There are erected thereon, a large two ſtory ſtone houſe, ſtable, orchard, and wood-land ſufficient for the place. For terms, apply to THOMAS HARPER, near the Premiſes. Moreland, Sept. 18, 1782. † 6 w.

TWO DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, An Apprentice Boy, named WILLIAM GEMEINBOWER, about 15 years of age, has dark brown hair. He had on a blue linſey jacket, a pair of white linen trowſers, a homeſpun linen ſhirt, a pair of large plated buckles in his ſhoes, and a round hat. Whoever takes up ſaid boy and brings him to me, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by BALTISS FLEISHER.

Philadelphia, October 1, 1782. §

By the UNITED STATES *in* CONGRESS *aſſembled,*

September 12, 1782.

The Committee to whom was referred a Memorial of ROBERT AITKEN, Printer, dated the 21ſt of January, 1781, reſpecting an edition of the HOLY SCRIPTURES, Report,

"THAT Mr. Aitken has, at a great expence, now finiſhed an American edition of the Holy Scriptures in Engliſh; that the Committee have from time to time attended to his progreſs in the work; that they alſo recommended it to the two Chaplains of Congreſs, to examine and give their opinion of the execution, who have accordingly reported thereon;" the recommendation and report being as follows:

Philadelphia, 1ſt September, 1782.

Reverend Gentlemen,

Our knowledge of your piety and public ſpirit leads us without apology to recommend to your particular attention the edition of the Holy Scriptures publiſhing by Mr. Aitken. He undertook this expenſive work at a time when, from the circumſtances of the war, an Engliſh edition of the Bible could not be imported, nor any opinion formed how long the obſtruction might continue. On this account particularly, he deſerves applauſe and encouragement. We therefore wiſh you, Reverend gentlemen, to examine the execution of this work, and if approved, to give it the ſanction of your judgment, and the weight of your recommendation.

We are, with very great reſpect,
Your moſt obedient humble ſervant,
JAMES DUANE, Chairman in behalf of a Committee of Congreſs on Mr. Aitken's memorial.

Rev. Dr. White *and Rev. Mr.* Duffield, *Chaplains of the United States, in Congreſs aſſembled.*

REPORT.

Gentlemen,

Agreeably to your deſire, we have paid attention to Mr. Robert Aitken's impreſſion of the Holy Scriptures of the Old and New Teſtament. Having ſelected and examined a variety of paſſages throughout the work, we are of opinion that it is executed with great accuracy as to the ſenſe, and with as few grammatical and typographical errors as could be expected in an undertaking of ſuch magnitude. Being ourſelves witneſſes for the demand of this invaluable book, we rejoice in the preſent proſpect of a ſupply; hoping that it will prove as advantageous as it is honorable to the gentleman who has exerted himſelf to furniſh it, at the evident riſque of private fortune.

We are, Gentlemen,
Your very reſpectful and humble ſervants,
WILLIAM WHITE,
GEORGE DUFFIELD.

Philad. Sept. 10, 1782.

Hon. James Duane, *Eſq; Chairman, and the other Hon. Gentlemen of the Committee of Congreſs on Mr.* Aitken's *memorial.*

Whereupon, Reſolved, That the United States in Congreſs aſſembled highly approve the pious and laudable undertaking of Mr. Aitken, as ſubſervient to the intereſt of religion, as well as an inſtance of the progreſs of arts in this country, and being ſatisfied from the above report of his care and accuracy in the execution of the work, they recommend this edition of the Bible to the inhabitants of the United States, and hereby authoriſe him to publiſh this Recommendation in the manner he ſhall think proper. CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

ROBERT AITKEN,

Printer, Bookſeller, Bookbinder and Stationer, at POPE'S HEAD, in Market-ſtreet, near the Coffee-Houſe, has juſt finiſhed, and has now ready for ſale, a new and very correct edition of

The HOLY BIBLE;

WITH which Bookſellers, Store keepers and others, in town and country, may be ſupplied by wholeſale and retail on the moſt reaſonable terms the times will admit.

The ſerious Chriſtian will be pleaſed to find, that the ſcarcity of Bibles, of which he has ſo long had reaſon to complain, is now removed; and the patriot will rejoice at the advance in the arts, which has at length produced *The Firſt Edition of the Holy Scriptures, in the Engliſh language, ever printed in America*; each of theſe will allow the merit due to ſo capital an undertaking; and the trader will find his intereſt in affording his patronage and encouragement to this work, as ſeveral circumſtances, particularly the largeneſs of the type, and the remarkable good quality of the paper, render this edition ſuperior to any of the ſame ſize imported from Europe.

N. B. The Bibles will be ſold either bound or in ſheets, and a ſuitable diſcount allowed to thoſe who purchaſe large quantities.

Likewiſe large FAMILY BIBLES. ¶

Juſt publiſhed, and ſold by JAMES ADAMS, *at his Printing-Office, in Wilmington, and at Mr. George Reynbold's, bookſeller, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,*

THE WILMINGTON ALMANACK,

For the YEAR of our LORD, 1783.

Among the contents of this Almanack (beſides the uſual aſtronomical calculations) are,

THE traveller and rainbow---The frogs deſire a King---A wag addreſſing himſelf to a Biſhop---Maternal affliction---On error---Reflections on unhappy marriages---The Vizir ſaddled and bridled---Scales of depreciation for the Jerſeys, Pennſylvania, Delaware and Maryland States, directing the mode of adjuſting and ſettling the payment of debts and contracts, &c.---The whole cloſed with an excellent NEW SONG on LIBERTY-HALL. ¶

Kent county, Maryland, September 20, 1782.

The ſubſcribers have for SALE, near Cheſter Town,

A BEAUTIFUL well built SCHOONER, ſaid to be an extreme fine piece of work, pierced with 12 ports, meaſures 125 tons, and will be launched in October. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to

SUTTON, COMEGYS and Co.

Note. They will take goods in part payment.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

WAS LOST on Friday evening laſt, either in one of the ſtreets of this City, or on the Moyamenſing or Paſſyunk roads---A gold caſe of a woman's watch, neatly wrought or engraved---London make. Any perſon who has found the ſame, and will deliver it to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward.

Philad. Sept. 23, 1782. THOMAS WILLING.

Lancaſter, October 7, 1782.

FIVE GUINEAS Reward.

LOST, on the road leading from Lancaſter to Anderſon's-Ferry, on Suſquehanna, ſuppoſed to be ſomewhere near the five mile ſtone, FIVE LETTERS from Europe, directed for Britiſh officers, priſoners of war at York-Town, under an open cover, addreſſed to Captain SAUMAREZ, of the 23d regt. or R. W. F. Whoever has found ſuch a packet, and brings it to the Commiſſary of Priſoners at Lancaſter, or York-Town, or to any Britiſh officer at either of theſe poſts, ſhall receive the above reward. ¶

Philadelphia, October 2, 1782.

ALL Perſons indebted to HALL and SELLERS for the Gazette, or other Printing Work, are requeſted to diſcharge their Accounts.

N. B. Notwithſtanding the repeated Notices heretofore given, Ballances of long ſtanding ſtill remain due from ſundry Perſons, both in Town and Country; it is earneſtly deſired that ſuch Perſons will take proper Notice of, and comply with, the above requeſt.

Neſhaminy Ferry, September 19, 1782.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JOHN BALDWIN, of the Northern Liberties of the City of Philadelphia, Merchant, deceaſed, by Bond, Bill, Note or Book-debt, are requeſted immediately to ſettle their Accounts; and all Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts that they may be ſettled.

¶ JOSEPH BALDWIN, acting Executor.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Blockley townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 12th of September, A red COW, with ſome white in her face, branded on one horn. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take her away. ¶ JOHN SUPPLEE.

CAME to the Plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Newbury townſhip, in the county of York, the 9th of June, laſt, a ſorrel MARE, about 12 or 14 years old, with a bald face, her hoofs middling full, and ſhe had one ſhoe on when ſhe came. Whoever has loſt ſaid mare, by applying to the ſubſcriber, proving property and paying charges, may have her again, otherwiſe ſhe will be ſold for her charges, by

Sept. 27. ¶ JOHN BRUNK.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND, ſituate in Cheſter-Town, Maryland, with the buildings thereon, conſiſting of a good and roomy dwelling-houſe and ſtore-houſe adjoining, with other neceſſary buildings. The ſituation pleaſant, and equal to any in the place for mercantile or other public buſineſs. Enquire of the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. † JOHN LORAIN.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Norrington townſhip, on Saturday, the 31ſt of Auguſt, A large black COW, with ſome white under her belly, about eight or nine years old. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take her away.

Sept. 2, 1782. ¶ PETER MATTAS.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of RICHARD GARDINER, deceaſed, are requeſted to make Payment; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to

§ ELIZABETH GARDINER, Adminiſtratrix.

SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

WAS STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Upper Dublin townſhip, Philadelphia county, on Monday night, the 7th of October, inſt. a likely black MARE, between 14 and 15 hands high, with a large blaze on her forehead, and a little ſnip on her noſe, inclining to one ſide; ſhe is alſo marked on her withers on the off ſide and on her back with the ſaddle, a ſmall white ſpot on the top of her buttock on the near ſide, was 12 years old laſt ſpring, a natural pacer, and goes lame with the near hind foot, and was not ſhod when ſtolen; it appears to have been a traveller that ſtole her, by his leaving in the paſture a little black mare with a ſtar in her forehead, ſhe was freſh ſhod before, and is reduced to great poverty by a long journey or other hard uſage. Any perſon who apprehends the ſaid mare and thief, ſo that that the owner may get her again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or FOUR DOLLARS and reaſonable charges for the mare, if ſhe is brought home, paid by † JACOB TIMANUS.

BROKE into the paſture of the ſubſcriber, in Lancaſter county, Lampeter townſhip, and State of Pennſylvania, on the 17th of May laſt, a ſmall brown MARE, heavy ear'd, very poor, and much galled on the back, a natural pacer, with the marks of the fiſtula, ſuppoſed to be about 16 years old. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges and take her away. Oct. 4. ¶ JOHN CRAIG.

A woman, with a good breaſt of milk,

would be willing to take a child into her houſe to nurſe. Her own child is about nine months old. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

WHITE LEAD,

MANUFACTURED and SOLD by the ſubſcriber, in Vine-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, and nearly oppoſite to the ſign of his Excellency General Waſhington; allowed, by the beſt judges in this city, to be equal in quality to any imported from Europe. † JOHN BIDDIS.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in the townſhip of Upper Darby, about the 30th of Auguſt laſt, a black FILLEY, ſuppoſed to be a year old laſt ſpring. The owner coming, proving his property and paying charges, may have her again.

Sept. 28. ‡ THOMAS MARSHALL.

THE Sub-Lieutenants of the county of Cheſter are hereby notified and required to urge the immediate collecting of all outſtanding Militia Fines, and produce their accounts as ſpeedily as poſſible, in order for a full and final ſettlement of the ſame.

Oct. 1. ROBERT SMITH, Lieut. of Cheſter county.

PETER LEMAIGRE

Has for SALE, at his STORE, in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

A QUANTITY of different coloured Woollens, and divers other Articles; alſo a quantity of Virginia Tobacco; all of which he will ſell at the loweſt rate poſſible, for ready money or bills of exchange upon Europe.

As the ſaid Peter Lemaigre is a ſtranger in this country, and is deſirous of returning to Europe, he deſires all thoſe to whom he is indebted, to apply at his ſtore for payment when his engagements with them are expired. He alſo begs thoſe who are indebted to him to make as ſpeedy a ſettlement as poſſible, otherwiſe he will be under the diſagreeable neceſſity of obliging them.

N. B. A reward of FOUR DOLLARS will be given to any perſon, who will inform the ſaid Peter Lemaigre where one JOHN PLEINY reſides now. He kept ſhop the beginning of laſt year in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets. † 4 w

WAS taken away from the Fountain Tavern, in Cheſnut ſtreet, on the 11th inſtant, by a Negroe man, with a falſe Order, a bright bay HORSE, 14½ hands high, black mane and tail, one white foot, a white ſpot on the left ſide of his buttock, and 6 years old. Whoever ſecures the horſe, ſhall have a reward of THREE POUNDS, or FIVE POUNDS for the horſe and perſon who took him away, paid by

WILLIAM SOWERSBY.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.